Chief Medical Officer Directorate Pharmacy and Medicines Division



23 April 2020

Medicine Supply Alert Notice

H2-antagonists (cimetidine, famotidine and nizatidine) – update to MSAN (2020)11

Priority: Update Valid until: various, see below

Issue

- 1. Following supply issues affecting Ranitidine (MSAN (2019)22, and subsequent updates), suppliers of cimetidine, famotidine and nizatidine have reported an increase in demand, which has contributed to short term shortages.
 - Famotidine 20mg tablets are out of stock until 14 April 2020 (Tillomed) and May 2020 (Teva).
 - Famotidine 40mg tablets are out of stock until April 2020 (Teva).
 - Cimetidine 200mg tablets are out of stock until **30 March 2020 (Ennogen) and January 2021** (Medley Pharma).
 - Cimetidine 400mg tablets are out of stock until 30 March 2020 (Ennogen) and 30 August 2020 (Medreich).
 - Cimetidine 800mg tablets are out of stock until 30 March 2020 (Ennogen).
 - Nizatidine 150mg and 300mg tablets are out of stock with **no confirmed resupply date (Medreich and Mylan).**
- 2. It is recommended that, where possible, patients are not switched to an alternative H2-receptor antagonist in the first instance as this may exacerbate a shortage of these products. There are currently sufficient supplies of oral omeprazole to manage an increase in demand.

Advice and Actions

- 3. For patients without sufficient supplies of cimetidine, famotidine and nizatidine for the duration of the out of stock period, prescribers should consider the following advice:
 - Review patients to establish if ongoing treatment is still required.
 - Review patients to establish if treatment could be stepped down to an antacid or alginate.
 - If ongoing treatment is still required, then consider switching to an alternative oral treatment. See tables below:
 - table 1 for advice on oral acid suppressants in adults
 - table 2 for advice on oral acid suppressants in paediatrics

Enquiries

4. Enquiries from Health Boards or healthcare professionals should be directed in the first instance to <u>PharmacyTeam@gov.scot</u> (primary care) or <u>NSS.NHSSMedicineShortages@nhs.net</u> (secondary care). Chief Medical Officer Directorate

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Table 1: Alternative oral products for the main indications of ranitidine in <u>adults</u>:

Before switching to another agent, review if patients still require treatment or could be stepped down to an antacid or alginate.

| Acid suppressant | Formulation | GU/DU treatment | GU/DU prophylaxis | GORD | NSAID associated GU/DU treatment/ prophylaxis | Comments |
|---------------------|---|-------------------------|--|--|---|--|
| Proton pump inhil | bitors | | | | | |
| Omeprazole | Capsules, tablets and dispersible tablets: 10mg, 20mg, 40mg Injection 40mg | 20-40mg OD | 10-40mg OD (DU) 20-40mg OD (GU) | 20-40mg OD (treatment) 10-40mg OD (long term management after healed reflux oesophagitis) 10-20mg OD symptomatic GORD | 20mg OD (prevention and treatment) | Not to be prescribed with clopidogrel due to risk of reducing its antiplatelet efficacy. Losec MUPS [®] is not licensed for use via enteral feeding tubes, however there is extensive experience of using via this route in practice. |
| Lansoprazole | Capsules and dispersible tablets: 15mg and 30mg | 30mg OD | UL (15-30mg OD) ¥ | 30mg OD (treatment) 15-30mg (prevention) 15-30mg OD (symptomatic GORD) | 30mg OD (treatment) 15-30mg (prevention) | Orodispersible tablets are licensed for administration via nasogastric (NG) tubes. |
| Pantoprazole | Tablets 20 and 40mg | 40-80mg OD | UL (20-40mg OD) ¥ | 20mg OD symptomatic GORD 20-40mg OD long term management and prevention of relapse | 20mg OD (prevention) | |
| Esomeprazole | Tablets, capsules 20mg, 40mg Granules 10mg Injection 40mg | UL (20-40mg OD) ¥ | UL (20-40mg OD) ¥ | 40mg OD (treatment) 20mg OD (prevention and symptomatic treatment) | 20mg OD (prevention and treatment) | Not to be prescribed with clopidogrel due to risk of reducing its antiplatelet efficacy. Granules are licensed for administration via NG or gastric tubes. |
| Rabeprazole | Tablets 10mg, 20mg | 20mg OD | UL (10- 20mg OD) ¥ | 20mg OD (treatment) 10-20mg long term maintenance 10mg OD symptomatic GORD | UL | |

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| Acid | Formulation | GU/DU | GU/DU | GORD | NSAID associated | Comments |
|-------------------|---|--|----------------------|--------------|-----------------------------------|--|
| suppressant | | treatment | prophylaxis | | GU/DU treatment/ prophylaxis | |
| H2-receptor antag | gonists | | | | | |
| Nizatidine | Capsules 150mg | 150mg BD or 300mg OD | 150mg OD | 150-300mg bd | 150 BD or 300mg OD (treatment) | |
| Famotidine | Tablets 20mg, 40mg | 40mg OD | DU 20mg OD | UL | UL | |
| Cimetidine* | Tablets 200mg, 400mg and 800mg Liquid 200mg/5mL | 400mg BD or 800mg ON (up to 400mg QDS) | 400mg ON up to BD | 400mg QDS | UL | No data on crushing tablets *caution as CYP P450 inhibitor; care with drug interactions- consult SPC |

Key:, GU: gastric ulcer, DU: duodenal ulcer; PU: peptic ulcer; GORD: gastroesophageal reflux disease, UL: unlicensed ¥ Based on PPI dose equivalence table for severe oesophagitis in NICE guideline (CG184) update (2014): https://www.nice.org.uk/guidance/cg184/chapter/Appendix-A-

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Table 2: Alternative oral acid suppressants for gastro-oesophageal reflux disease in <u>children [Refer to BNFC or local paediatric formulary for other indications/off label</u> use] Before switching to another agent, review if patients still require acid suppression or if could be stepped down to an antacid

| Acid | Formulation | Licensed | Dose | Comments | |
|-----------------|---|---|--|---|--|
| suppressant | | age group | | | |
| Proton pump inl | nibitors | | | | |
| Omeprazole | Capsules, tablets and dispersible tablets: 10mg, 20mg, 40mg <i>An unlicensed liquid is</i> <i>available as a</i> <i>manufactured special.</i> <i>However, there is only</i> <i>limited evidence of efficacy.</i> | > 1 year and ≥ 10 kg $\frac{2.5 - 7kg}{5mg to 3mg/kg/day (max 10mg)}$ $\frac{7 - 15kg}{10mg to 20mg OD}$ $\frac{>15kg}{20mg to 40mg OD}$ | | Losec MUPS[®] tablets may be dispersed in water (do not crush tablet) for oral liquid administration. Halve 10mg tablet before dispersing for 5mg dose. Losec MUPS[®] is not licensed for use via enteral feeding tubes however there is extensive experience of using via this route in practice (NB: granules are approx. 0.5mm in diameter and tend to block fine-bore feeding tubes [<8Fr]) Esomeprazole granules are licensed for administration down tubes ≥6 Fr. Unlicensed liquid may be required in age<1 year with nasogastric (NG) or gastric tubes < 8 Fr, or in patients intolerant/allergic to excipients in esomeprazole granules. Not to be prescribed with clopidogrel due to risk of reducing its antiplatelet efficacy | |
| Esomeprazole | Tablets, capsules, 20mg and 40mg 10 mg gastro-resistant granules for oral suspension | ≥12 years 1-11 years | 20-40mg OD Weight 10 - <20 kg:10mg OD Weight ≥20 kg: 10-20mg OD | Granules licensed for administration via enteral feeding tube ≥6 <i>Fr</i> Not to be prescribed with clopidogrel due to risk of reducing its antiplatelet efficacy | |
| Pantoprazole | Tablets 20mg and 40mg | ≥12 years | 20 mg OD | | |
| Lansoprazole | Capsules and dispersible tablets: 15mg and 30mg | No paediatric licence but used off label in this population | Off label use: Infant 2.5kg – 5kg 3.75mg (1/4 of a 15mg tablet) OD 5 – 10kg 7.5mg (1/2 a 15mg tablet) OD 10 - 30kg 15mg OD >30kg 30mg OD | Dispersible tablets • Excipients include aspartame. • Dose should be rounded to the nearest solid dosage form i.e half or quarter of tablet. • Halve or quarter tablet before dispersing in water for oral liquid administration. Stir thoroughly before administration. • Licensed for administration via NG tube (can be dispersed in 10mL water and flushed through tube > 8Fr). • For fine-bore tubes <8Fr, dissolve contents of capsule in 8.4% | |
| Rabeprazole | Tablets 10mg and 20mg | No paediatric licence | Off label use 1-11 years; <15kg: 5mg OD ≥15kg: 10mg OD ≥12 years: 20mg OD | Crushing is not recommended. Not suitable for enteral tube administration | |

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| Acid | Formulation | Licensed | Dose | Comments |
|----------------|---|-----------------------------|--|---|
| suppressant | | age group | | |
| H2-receptor an | | | | |
| Cimetidine | Tablets 200mg, 400mg and 800mg Liquid 200mg/5mL | >1year | >1 year 25-30mg/kg per day in divided doses Use in age< 1 year not fully evaluated; 20mg/kg/day in divided doses has been used | No data on crushing tablets. <i>Caution as CYP P450 inhibitor; care with drug interactions-</i> <i>consult SPC</i> |
| Nizatidine | Capsules 150mg | No paediatric licence | Off label use 6 months to 11 years 5-10mg/kg/day in 2 divided doses ≥12 years 150mg BD | Not suitable to be used via enteral feeding tubes, as whilst drug dissolves in water, excipients do not and may coat and block tube. |
| Famotidine | Tablets 20mg and 40mg | No paediatric licence | Off label use: <u>1 to ≤3 months</u> 0.5mg/kg/dose OD <u>≥3 months to <1 year</u> 0.5mg/kg/dose BD <u>1 to 16 years</u> 0.5mg/kg/dose BD (maximum 40mg dose) | Without crushing, tablets will disperse in 2 to 5 minutes. This process can be quickened by crushing and mixing tablets with water to for administration. No information available on giving resulting suspension via enteral feeding tubes. |

References: SPCs, Handbook of Drug Administration via Enteral Feeding Tubes, The NEWT Guidelines for administration of medication to patients with enteral feeding tubes or swallowing difficulties, Evelina London Paediatric Formulary, BNFC, Paediatric & Neonatal Dosage Handbook, 23rd ed

Please note: Any decision to prescribe off-label must take into account the relevant GMC guidance and NHS Board governance procedures for unlicensed medicines. Prescribers are advised to pay particular attention to the risks associated with using unlicensed medicines or using a licensed medicine off-label.